Amendments to the Claims

Claims 1-2. (Cancelled).

- 3. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the evaporating the aluminum oxide comprises thermal evaporation of the aluminum oxide from the single crystal sapphire.
 - 4. (Cancelled).
- 5. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the evaporating the aluminum oxide comprises ion beam evaporation of the aluminum oxide from the single crystal sapphire.
- 6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the evaporating the aluminum oxide comprises electron gun evaporation of the aluminum oxide from the single crystal sapphire.
 - 7. (Cancelled).
- 8. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the substrate comprises silicon.

- 9. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the substrate comprises monocrystalline silicon.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method of forming an assembly comprising silicon-doped porous aluminum oxide, comprising:

evaporating aluminum oxide from a single crystal sapphire;

evaporating silicon monoxide from a source comprising silicon monoxide;

forming a vapor mixture comprising the evaporated aluminum oxide and evaporated silicon monoxide in a reaction chamber;

depositing at least some of the mixture of evaporated aluminum oxide and silicon from the silicon monoxide on a semiconductive material substrate to form a layer of Al₂O₃ doped with silicon atoms the silicon-doped porous aluminum oxide on the substrate, some of the oxygen present in the Al₂O₃ being contributed by the silicon monoxide, an amount of silicon present in the silicon-doped aluminum oxide being controlled by controlling the evaporation rate during the evaporating silicon monoxide;

 $\frac{\text{precluding O}_2 \text{ from flowing into the chamber during the evaporating aluminum}}{\text{oxide, during the evaporating silicon monoxide, during the forming a vapor mixture and}}$ $\frac{\text{during the evaporating silicon monoxide, during the forming a vapor mixture and}}{\text{during the depositing; and}}$

forming a conductive material on the deposited silicon-doped porous aluminum oxide, the conductive material being separated from the semiconductive material of the substrate by the silicon-doped porous aluminum oxide.

Claims 11-30 (Cancelled).

- 31. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the silicon-doped porous aluminum oxide contains from 0.1 percent to about 30 weight percent of silicon dopant, by weight.
- 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10 wherein the semiconductive material substrate is room temperature during the depositing.